















# TWELVE BASIC HERBS TO GROW IN SOUTH TEXAS

From the San Antonio Herb Society

	<p><b>BASIL (Sweet)</b> <i>Ocimum basilicum</i> Average soil, full sun. Annual. Growing Season: April – October. Will freeze at 32°F</p>		<p><b>MINT</b> <i>Mentha ssp.</i> Average soil, sun to part shade. Perennial. Plant in fall.</p>
	<p><b>CHIVES</b> <i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> Average soil, sun or part shade. Perennial Cut back in fall.</p>		<p><b>OREGANO</b> <i>Origanum vulgare</i> Average soil, full sun or part shade. Perennial. Plant in fall.</p>
	<p><b>DILL</b> <i>Anethum graveolens</i> Average soil, full sun. Annual. Growing Season: Sept - March.</p>		<p><b>ROSEMARY</b> <i>Rosemarinus officinalis</i> Average soil, full sun or part shade. Perennial. Keep dry.</p>
	<p><b>LEMON BALM</b> <i>Melissa officinalis</i> Average soil, sun to part shade. Perennial. Plant in fall or early spring.</p>		<p><b>SAGE</b> <i>Salvia officinalis</i> Sandy soil, full sun. Perennial. Plant in fall or early spring. Keep dry.</p>
	<p><b>MEXICAN MINT MARIGOLD</b> <i>Tagetes lucida</i> Average soil, full sun to part shade. Perennial. Plant in fall or early spring.</p>		<p><b>THYME</b> <i>Thymus vulgare</i> Sandy soil, sun to part shade. Perennial. Keep dry. Plant in fall.</p>
	<p><b>LAVENDER</b> <i>Lavandula</i> Average soil, full sun. Perennial. Plant in fall or early spring.</p>		<p><b>CILANTRO</b> <i>Coriandrum sativum.</i> Average soil, full sun to part shade. Annual. Plant in fall to avoid bolting.</p>

